

Hierarchy

Main Camera
Directional Light
Terrain_main

Scene

Shaded | 2D | Gizmos | (Q) All

Persp

Game

Free Aspect | Maximize on Play | Mute audio | Static

Inspector

Terrain_main (Static) | Tag: Untagged | Layer: Default

Transform

Position	X: 0	Y: 0	Z: 0
Rotation	X: 0	Y: 0	Z: 0
Scale	X: 1	Y: 1	Z: 1

Terrain

Place Trees: Hold down shift to erase trees. Hold down ctrl to erase the selected tree type.

Trees

Mass Place Trees | Edit Trees... | Refresh

Settings

Brush Size: 31 | Tree Density: 71 | Tree Height: Random? (checked) | Lock Width to Height: (checked)

Tree Width: Random? (checked) | Color Variation: 0.4 | Random Tree Rotation: (checked)

Terrain Collider

Material: None (Physic Material) | Terrain Data: New Terrain 1 | Enable Tree Colliders: (checked)

Add Component

Console

Project

Library

This folder is empty

Assets

- All Models
- All Prefabs
- All Scripts
- Editor
- Standard Assets
- Characters
- FirstPersonChar
- Audio
- Prefabs
- Scripts
- PhysicsMaterials
- RollerBall

Textures

Textures should be in the following format to enable ‘tiling’

Square and the power of two

128 x 128

256 x 256

512 x 512

1024 x 1024

Shaders control the rendering characteristics of textured surface

Prefabs

pre-fabricated objects

Prefabs store a game object together with its components (transforms, appearances, scripts, etc.) and configurations for easy duplication/reuse.

- trees
- bullets
- characters, and anything else

Unity makes it easy to move around a world interactively (either in a first person or third person perspective) using prefabs.

Prefabs

Object-oriented instances can be **Instantiated** at run time

At **run time** a script can cause a new object instance to be created (instantiated) at a given location with a given set of properties

Prefabs allow functional game objects to be reused in scenes or imported into other projects as external assets.

The First Person Controller

First Person Controller

Assets > Import Package > Character Controller
(character in Unity 5)

Project Window > Standard Assets folder
FP Character > Prefabs > FPController
drag the FP Controller onto your scene
delete the main camera
Preview the game

Scripting

MONO compiler

Scripts can be written in
JavaScript

Majority of introductory tutorials are written in Javascript

C#

Unity can be integrated with the Microsoft Visual Studio editor, to get full benefits of code completion, source version control, intergration, serious developers work in C#

BOO (like Python)

Smaller development in this

Scripting

scripting is Unity's most powerful tool
gives you the ability to customize objects
control how they behave in the environment

- how to create and attach JavaScript scripts to objects in Unity
- Intro to the development environment MonoDevelop

Variables

Functions

Triggers

Collisions

Sounds

Colors

JavaScript vs C#

JavaScript

```
#pragma strict
```

```
var myInt : int = 5;
```

```
function Start ()
```

```
{
```

```
    myInt = MultiplyByTwo(myInt);
```

```
    Debug.Log (myInt);
```

```
}
```

C#

```
using UnityEngine;  
using System.Collections;
```

```
public class VariablesAndFunctions  
    : MonoBehaviour
```

```
{
```

```
    int myInt = 5;
```

```
    void Start ()
```

```
{
```

```
    myInt = MultiplyByTwo(myInt);
```

```
    Debug.Log (myInt);
```

```
}
```

Scripting

You can use both C# and Javascript in one project!
(one way communication only)

My Scripts Folder (Outside)
(Compiled last)

Script
Script
script

JavaScript

Standard Assets
(Compiled first))

Script
Script
Script

C#

JavaScript Variables

- A variable is a storage location and an associated symbolic name (an identifier) which contains some known or unknown quantity or information, a value
- variables are used to store information about any aspects of a project's state

JavaScript Variables

begin with a lowercase letter

no special characters, numbers, (#, %, etc.)

cannot contain reserved keywords such as “if”, “while”, etc.

case sensitive

descriptive

no spaces

Declaration/ Type/ Initialization

```
var myVarBool : boolean = true;
```

```
var myVarInt : int = 10;
```

Data Types

Float 0.75

Int 10

String “Hello”

Boolean true / false

```
var myVarBool : boolean = true;
```

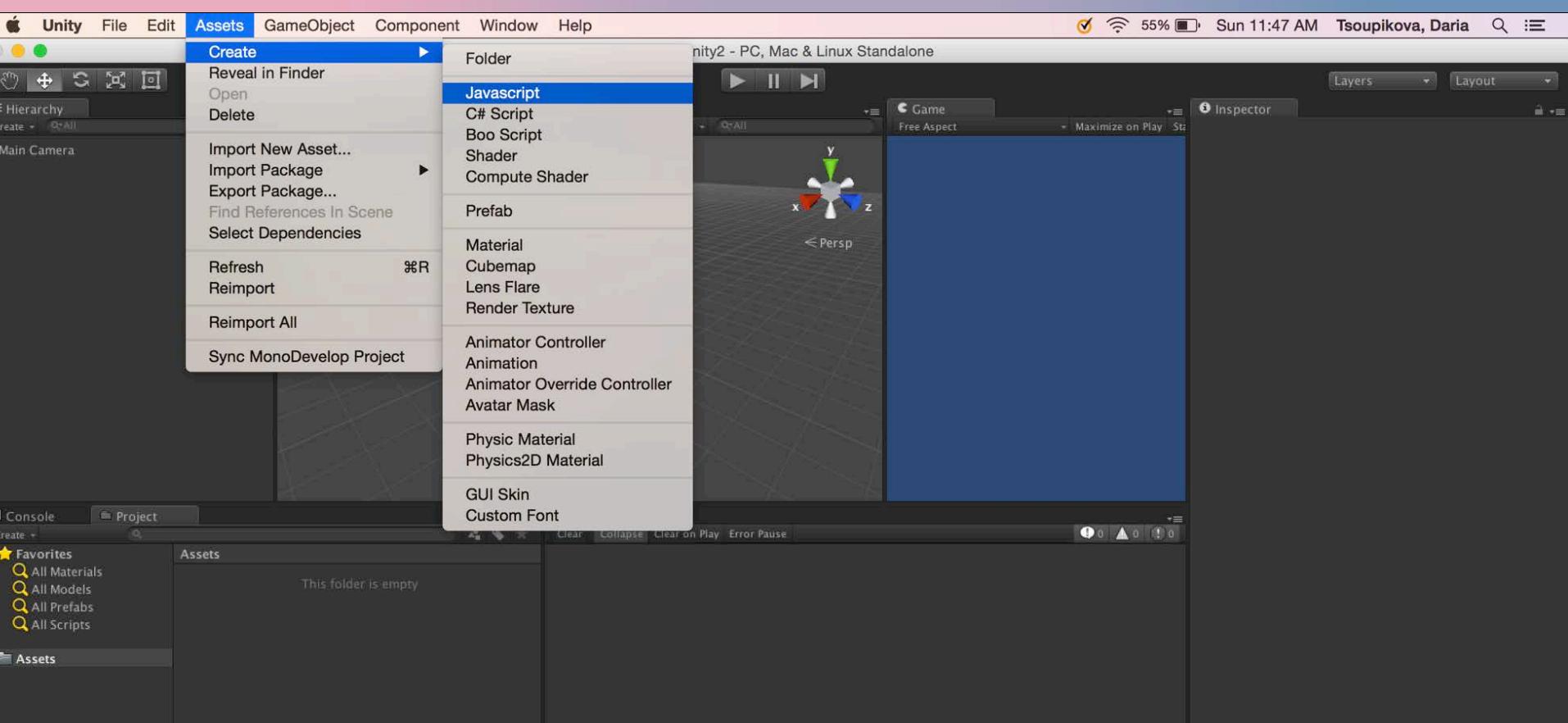
```
var myVarInt : int = 10;
```

```
Var myFloat : float = 1.4;
```

Creating scripts in Unity

- Project menu >Create > JavaScript
 - Main Menu > Assets > Create Javascript
 - Project window >RMC > Create > JavaScript
 - Inspector >Add script
 - Name the script in the Project/Assets window
-
- Assign the script to an object (drag and drop)
 - Run and test
 - Fix compiler errors

Creating scripts in Unity



Untitled - unity2 - PC, Mac & Linux Standalone

Hierarchy Scene Game Inspector

Main Camera

Scene View (Persp)

Console Project

Console

Folder

Javascript

C# Script

Boo Script

Shader

Compute Shader

Prefab

Material

Cubemap

Lens Flare

Render Texture

Animator Controller

Animation

Animator Override Controller

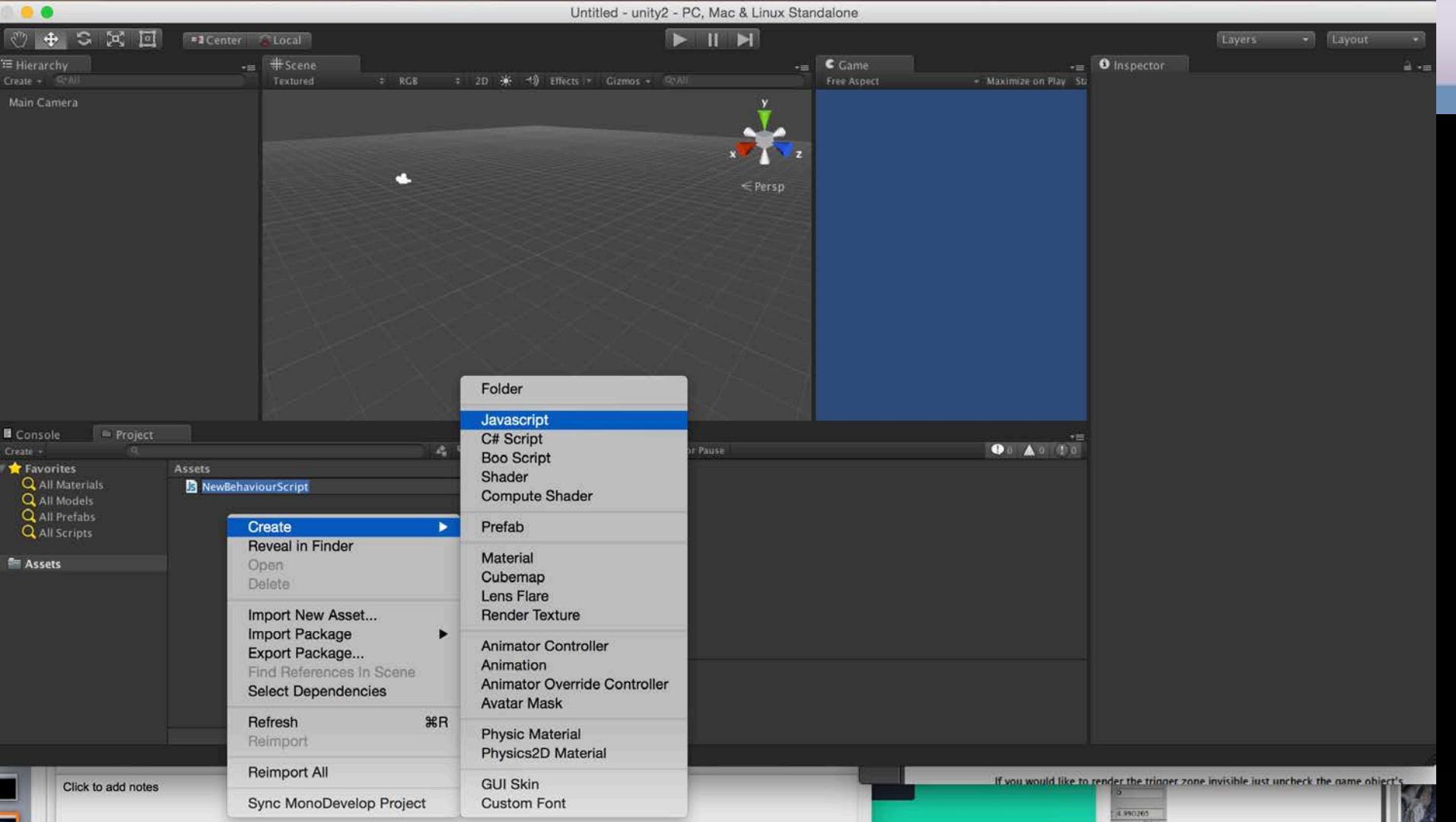
Avatar Mask

Physics Material

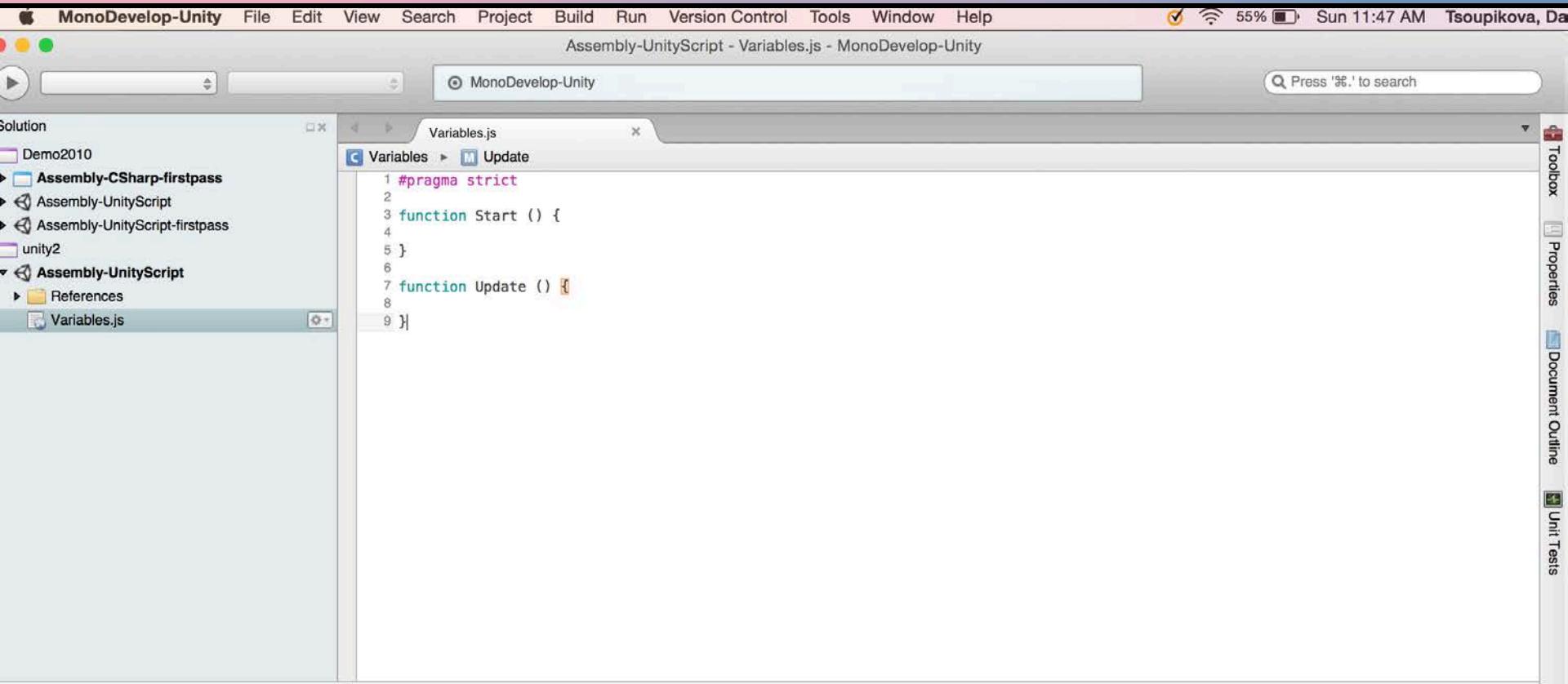
Physics2D Material

This folder is empty

If you would like to render the trigger zone invisible just uncheck the name object's



Creating scripts in Unity



The screenshot shows the MonoDevelop-Unity IDE interface. The title bar reads "MonoDevelop-Unity" and the status bar shows "Assembly-UnityScript - Variables.js - MonoDevelop-Unity". The menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Search, Project, Build, Run, Version Control, Tools, Window, Help, and a battery icon indicating 55% power. The toolbar has standard icons for file operations. The main window has tabs for "Variables" and "Update". The code editor displays the following JavaScript code:

```
1 #pragma strict
2
3 function Start () {
4
5 }
6
7 function Update () {
8
9 }
```

The left sidebar is the "Solution" browser, showing project files like Demo2010, Assembly-CSharp-firstpass, Assembly-UnityScript, Assembly-UnityScript-firstpass, unity2, and Assembly-UnityScript. The "Variables.js" file is selected. The right sidebar contains tabs for "Properties", "Document Outline", and "Unit Tests".

Creating scripts in Unity

The screenshot shows the MonoDevelop-Unity IDE interface. The title bar reads "MonoDevelop-Unity" and the status bar shows "Assembly-UnityScript - Variables.js - MonoDevelop-Unity". The main window displays a code editor with the file "Variables.js" open. The code defines a function "MultiplyByThree" that takes an integer and returns it multiplied by 3. It also contains a "Start" function that calls "MultiplyByThree" and logs the result to the console. The "Solution" sidebar on the left lists projects like "Demo2010", "Assembly-CSharp-firstpass", and "Assembly-UnityScript". The "Properties", "Document Outline", and "Unit Tests" toolbars are visible on the right.

```
1 #pragma strict
2
3 var myInt : int = 5;
4
5
6 function Start ()
7 {
8     myInt = MultiplyByThree(myInt);
9     Debug.Log (myInt);
10 }
11
12
13 function MultiplyByThree (number : int) : int
14 {
15     var ret : int;
16     ret = number * 3;
17     return ret;
18 }
```

The Unity Editor interface is shown with the following details:

- Scene View:** Displays a 3D perspective view of a scene with a grid floor. A central message box reads: "All compiler errors have to be fixed before you can enter playmode!".
- Game View:** To the right of the Scene View, it shows a solid blue screen with the text "Maximize on Play" and "Stu".
- Inspector View:** On the far right, it shows a list of selected objects: Main Camera and GameObject.
- Console View:** At the bottom, it shows the output of the command `UnityEngine.Debug.Log(Object)`, which outputs the number 10.
- Project View:** Shows the Assets folder containing Favorites, Variables, and other asset types.
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows a warning message: "Assets/Variables.js(8,13): BCE0005: Unknown identifier: 'MultiplyByThree'".

Untitled - unity2 - PC, Mac & Linux Standalone

Hierarchy

Main Camera
GameObject

Scene

Textured: RGB: 2D: Effects: Gizmos: All

Game

Free Aspect: Maximize on Play: St

Inspector

Persp

All compiler errors have to be fixed before you can enter playmode

Console

Clear Collapse Clear on Play Error Pause

1 0 ! 1

10

UnityEngine.Debug.Log(Object)

Assets /Variables.js(8,13): BCE0005: Unknown identifier: 'MultiplyByThree'.

Assets

Favorites

All Materials
All Models
All Prefabs
All Scripts

Assets

Variables

Assets /Variables.js(8,13): BCE0005: Unknown identifier: 'MultiplyByThree'.

Functions

Function is a collection of statements to perform a task

Methods

Functions are blocks of code which are written once and can then be reused as often as needed.
begin with an uppercase letter

```
function FuncName ()
```

```
{
```

```
    statement1;
```

```
    statement 2;
```

```
}
```

JavaScript Functions

Calling a function:

FuncName();

myInt = MultiplyByThree(myInt);

Function Parameters

```
function MultiplyByThree (number : int) : int
{
    var ret : int;
    ret = number * 3;
    return ret;
}
```

Calling a function – myInt = MultiplyByThree(myInt);

Functions

Default functions

Start()

executed only once before gameplay begins
helpful for initialization

Update()

executed every frame
for as long as the gameplay continues

Functions

```
var myInt : int = 5;

function Start ()
{
    myInt = MultiplyByThree(myInt);
    Debug.Log (myInt);
}

function MultiplyByThree (number : int) : int
{
    var ret : int;
    ret = number * 3;
    return ret;
}
```

Arithmetic Operators

+	addition
-	subtraction
/	division
*	multiplication
++	increment
--	decrement
%	modulus

Functions

- 1) Create 3D object cube
- 2) create new Javascript “rotateCube”
- 3) Assign the script to the cube (drag and drop)

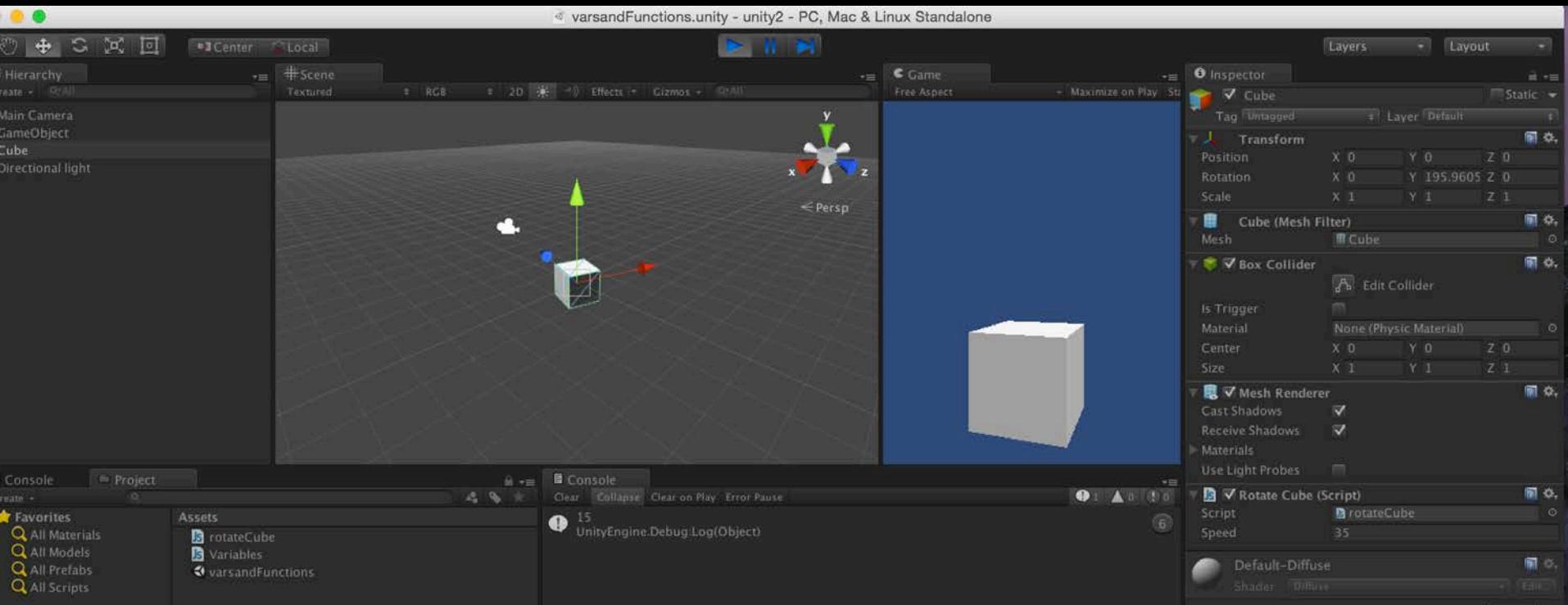
```
#pragma strict  
var speed = 5.0;
```

```
function Start () {  
}
```

```
function Update () {  
    transform.Rotate(0, speed*time.deltaTime, 0);  
}
```

Functions

- 4) Change the value of var speed in the Inspector window (35)
- 5) Play and test



Triggers and Collisions

Triggers are methods to detect collisions

Triggers are useful for triggering other events in your project

- teleportations

- automatic door openings

- displaying messages

- changing levels

- responsive events

- and many more

Triggers and Collisions

- 4) select the game object in the Hierarchy window
click on the little gear on the top right corner of the script property
select “remove component”
- 5) Create new script “triggerScript”

```
var target : collider;  
function OnTriggerEnter(cubeTrigger : collider)  
{  
if (cubeTrigger == target)  
{  
print("Collision");  
}  
}
```

Triggers and Collisions

- 6) Assign script to our cube
- 7) Check property “Is Trigger” in the Inspector
- 8) Create 3D plane
- 9) Import Character Controller Package
- 10) Drag FPC controller to the scene
- 11) Drag and drop the FPC from the Hierarchy window onto the variable Target in the Inspector

Triggers and Collisions

checks if the position of the FPC
intersects with the position of the trigger zone (the cube)
prints out “Collision”

Triggers and Collisions

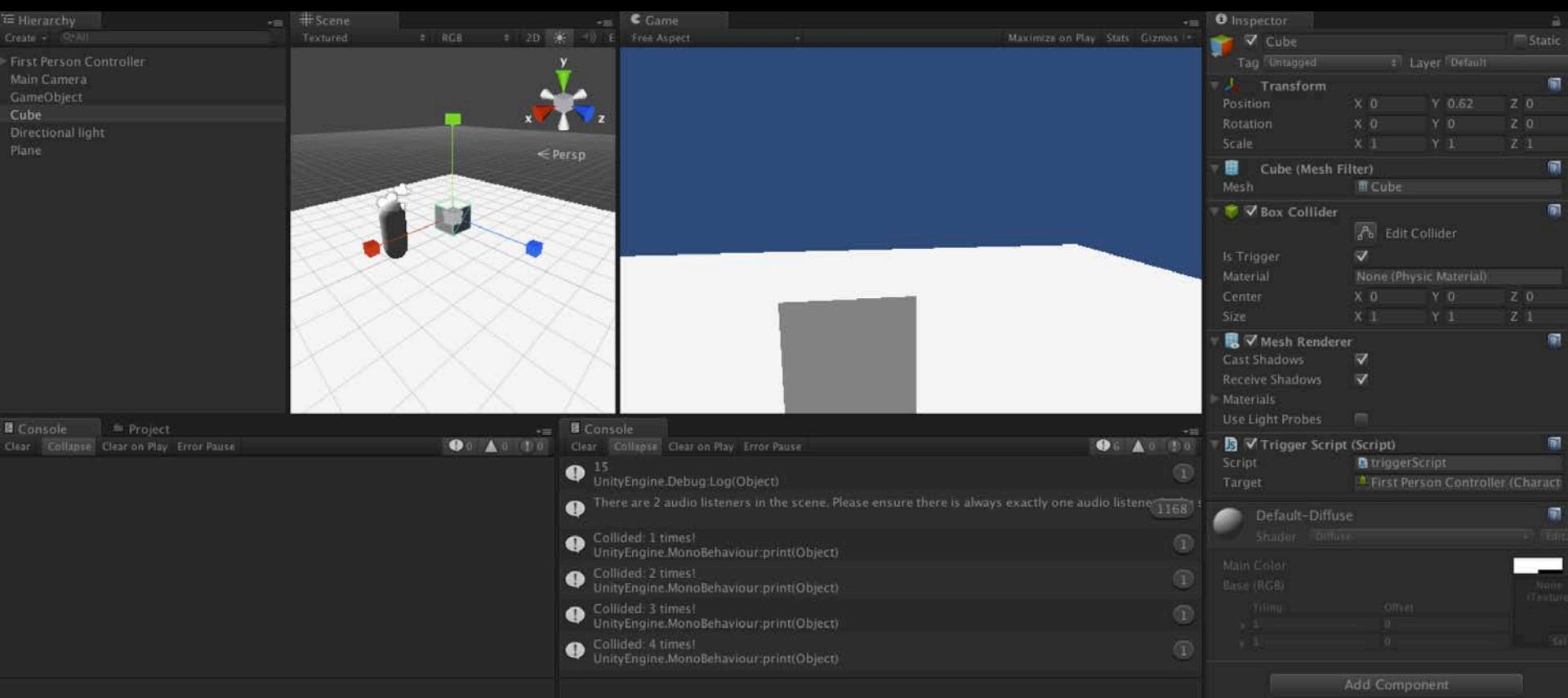
To add a counter to collision

Checks how many times collision happened

```
var target : Collider;  
private var counter : int = 0;
```

```
function OnTriggerEnter(cubeTrigger : Collider)  
{  
if (cubeTrigger == target)  
{  
counter = counter + 1;  
print("Collided: " + counter + " times!");  
}}
```

Triggers and Collisions



Triggers and Collisions

to create an invisible trigger zone

Select the object >

Inspector > remove Mesh Renderer Component

The object will be invisible but still allow collision detection

Sounds

Supported Audio Formats

MPEG layer 3 .mp3

Ogg Vorbis .ogg

Microsoft Wave .wav

Audio Interchange File Format .aiff / .aif

Ultimate Soundtracker module .mod

Impulse Tracker module .it

Scream Tracker module .s3m

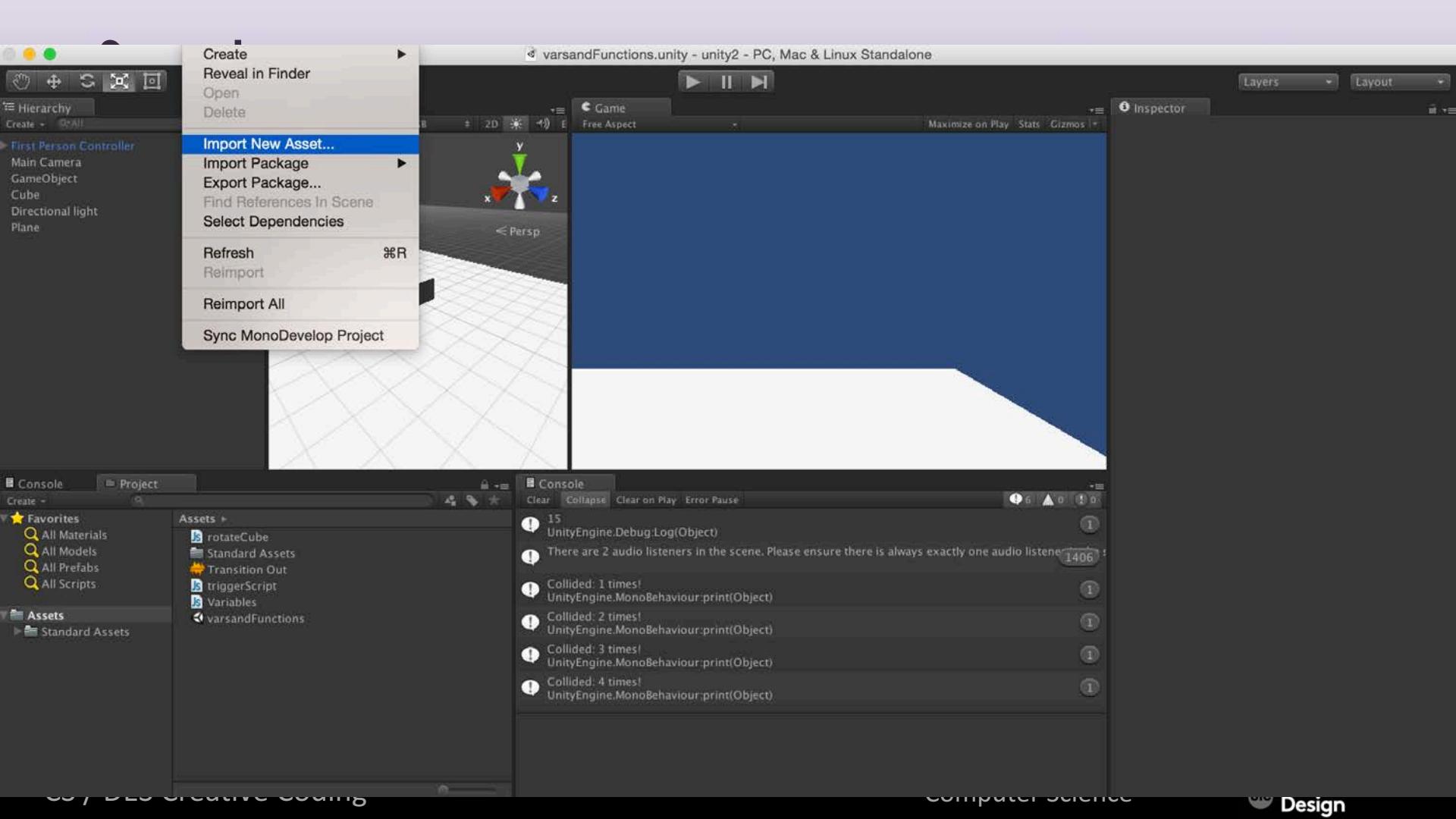
FastTracker 2 module .xm

Sounds

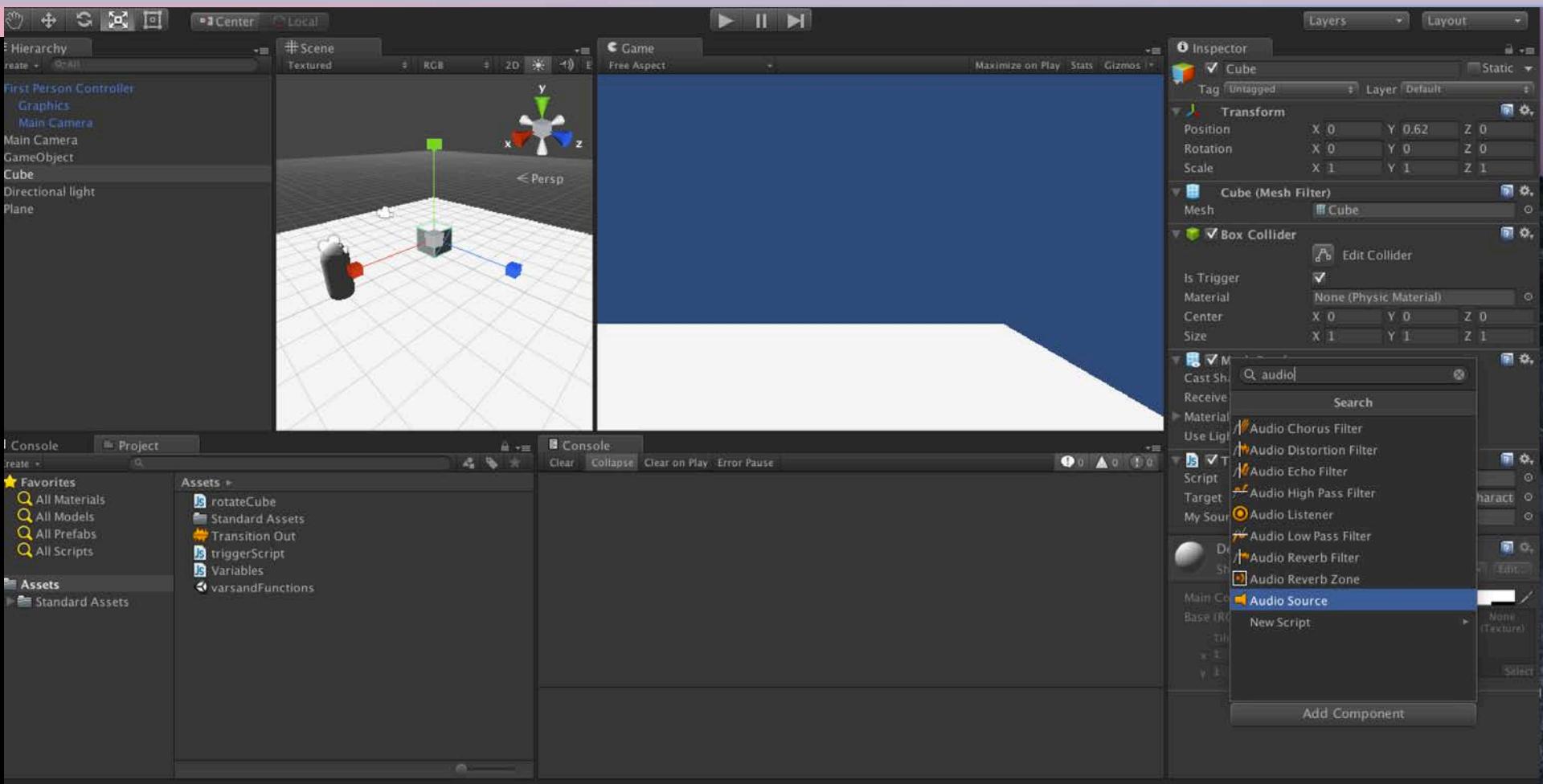
- 13) Import new Asset (sound effect/s)
- 14) Add Audio Source to the Cube (Inspector>Add Component >Audio Source)
- 15) Uncheck button “Play On Awake”
- 16) Drag sound effect to the Inspector > Trigger Script >My sound

Sounds

```
var target : Collider;  
private var counter : int = 0;  
var mySound : AudioClip;  
  
function OnTriggerEnter(cubeTrigger : Collider)  
{  
    if (cubeTrigger == target)  
    {  
        GetComponent.< AudioSource >().PlayOneShot(mySound);  
        counter = counter + 1;  
        print("Collided: " + counter + " times!");  
    }  
}
```



Sounds



Hierarchy

- First Person Controller
- Graphics
- Main Camera
- GameObject
- Cube
- Directional light
- Plane

Scene

Textured RGB 2D

Persp

Game

Free Aspect Maximize on Play Stats Gizmos

Inspector

Cube

- Tag Untagged Layer Default
- Transform**
 - Position X 0 Y 0.62 Z 0
 - Rotation X 0 Y 0 Z 0
 - Scale X 1 Y 1 Z 1
- Cube (Mesh Filter)**
 - Mesh Cube
- Box Collider**
 - Is Trigger
 - Material None (Physic Material)
 - Center X 0 Y 0 Z 0
 - Size X 1 Y 1 Z 1
- Mesh Renderer**
 - Cast Shadows
 - Receive Shadows
 - Materials
 - Use Light Probes
- Trigger Script (Script)**
 - Script triggerScript
 - Target First Person Controller (Char)
 - My Sound Transition Out
- Audio Source**
 - Audio Clip None (Audio Clip)
 - Mute
 - Bypass Effects
 - Bypass Listener Effect
 - Bypass Reverb Zones
 - Play On Awake
 - Loop
 - Priority 128
 - Volume 1
 - Pitch 1

Console

Clear Collapse Clear on Play Error Pause

Assets

Favorites All Materials All Models All Prefabs All Scripts

Assets

- rotateCube
- Standard Assets
- Transition Out
- triggerScript
- Variables
- varsandFunctions

