Intro to Unity

Unity Overview

Editor Interface

Primitives

Materials

Textures

Terrain

Prefabs

First Person Controller



Unity is powerful, complete 3D environment development system

Create 3D objects / scenes / scripts in Unity
Or import objects created in 3D modelling packages
Use scripting to control animations / scene changes and interactivity

Export to CAVE2 virtual reality environment

Integrated development environment (IDE)

Games and interactive 3D virtual environments development

Commercial game engine (Free and Pro)

Multi-platform

Popular

2 billion registered users

Large asset store (models, scripts)

Support (formal and community)



- Game engine
 - 3D objects / lighting / physics / animation / scripting
- Accompanying script editor
 - MonoDevelop...
 - Visual Studio
- 3D terrain editor
- 3D object animation manager
- GUI system

Scripting

Scripts can be written in

JavaScript

Majority of introductory tutorials were written in Javascript

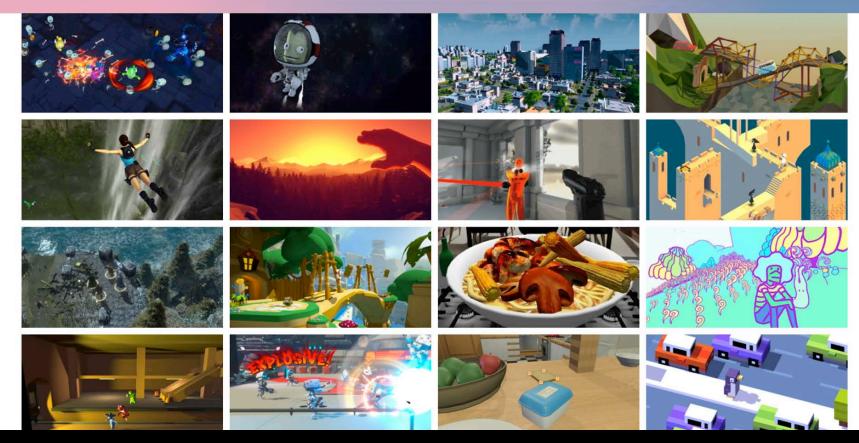
C#

Unity can be integrated with the Microsoft Visual Studio editor, to get full benefits of code completion, source version control, intergration, serious developers work in C#

BOO (like Python)

Smaller development in this

Unity Games



Unity Games

Fall Guys: Ultimate Knockout

Amoung Us.

Untitled Goose Game.

Monument Valley 2.

Ori and the Will of the Wisps

Cuphead.

Pokémon Go.

Beat Saber.

and many more https://en.wikipedia.org













Institute for Creative Technologies /Skip Rizzo- Medical VR

Creative Technologies

About Research

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Research

Research Overview

Labs + Groups

Faculty + Research Interests

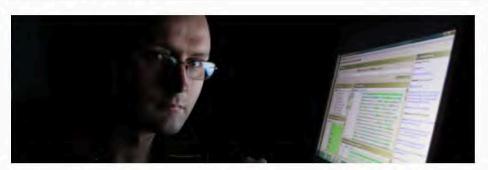
Publications

Editorships + Editorial Boards

Board + Committee Memberships

Project One-Sheets

Research Overview



ICT is a multidisciplinary research institute at the University of Southern California focused on exploring and expanding how people engage with computers, through virtual characters, video games, simulated scenarios and other forms of humancomputer interaction.

Leading researchers and faculty from computer science, psychology, interactive media

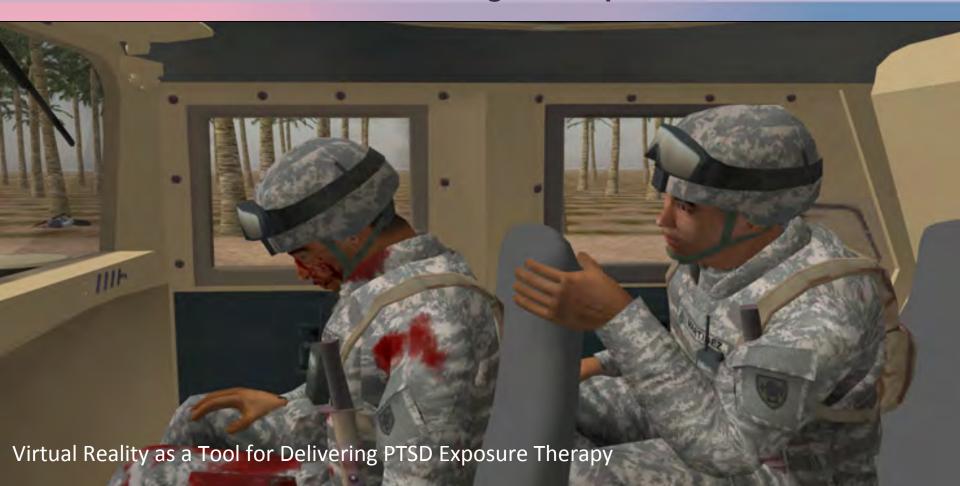
Featured Research



Graphics

The ICT Graphics Laboratory develops new techniques for creating and displaying photo-real computer graphics of people, objects and environments.

Institute for Creative Technologies /Skip Rizzo- Medical VR



Free vs Pro

Pro offers:

Level of Detail

No Personal Edition splash screen

Profiler

Full screen post processing effects (Oculus)

Team License

Unity Cloud Build Pro

Unity Analytics Pro...



Simplify development of games.

Game Mechanics

- physics, Al

Rendering Effects

- shadows, lighting

I/O Abstraction

- input devices
- output devices



Multi Platform

Multiple Build Targets

- Windows
- Linux
- iOS
- Android
- Web player
- Oculus Rift
- Wii
- ... and more!



Version

CAVE2 supports 2019.2.11

CAVE2 Unity template and Guide

https://github.com/uic-evl/omicron-unity/wiki/Guide-for-running-Unity-in-CAVE2

Other game engines







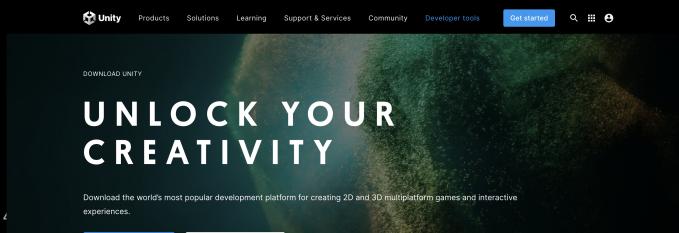


Installation

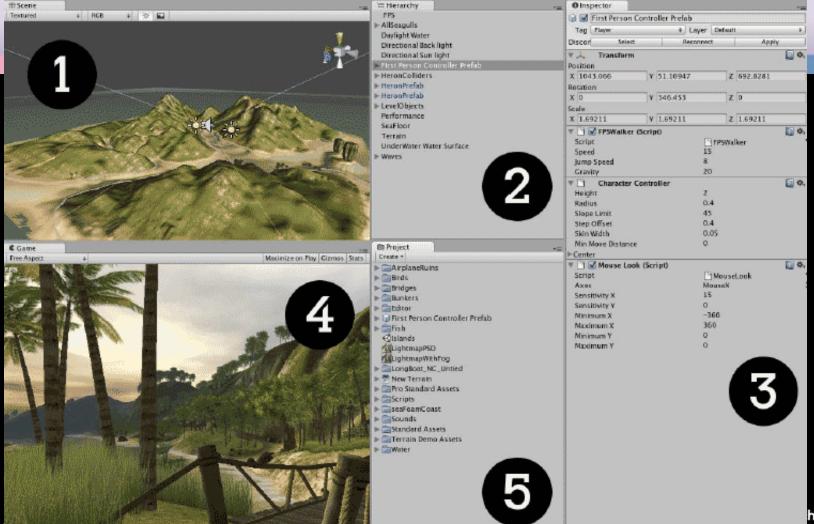
CAVE2 supports 2019.2.11

Install Unity Hub > Archives > Unity 2019.2.11

https://unity.com/download#how-get-started







- 1-Scene
 - Editable current scene with 3d 3D game objects where the game is constructed
- 2 Hierarchy

Text list of game objects and sub-objects in the current scene

3 - Inspector

Properties for currently selected asset/object

4 - Game

Preview how game will look when exectuting

5 – Project

Contents of Project 'assets' folder (i.e. files in that folder) library of scripts, digital media files, and scenes, library

CS 491 / DES 400 Creative Coding

Computer Science

School of Design

1-Scene

Editable (design-time) 3D game objects in the current scene

- place for any visual assets in your Unity environment.
- updates in real-time when you are previewing the game
- the manipulator on the top right allows you to switch between a number of standard views
- perspective view allows to view current scene with a vanishing point

•

2 – Hierarchy

Text list of game objects and sub-objects in the current scene

- lists all the objects in the currently loaded scene
- lists object children

Children are objects that can be thought of as subordinate to the parent object; wherever the top object moves, they'll follow, keeping the current offset they have to this object.

3 – Inspector

Properties for currently selected assets and objects

- allows to look at and tweak individual settings of various game objects and assets
- allows to adjust global settings
- is content-sensitive
- changes its parameters based on which game object/asset is selected
- a place to show project settings and preferences by choosing them from the Edit menu



4 - Game

Preview how game will look when exectuting

- previewing the game
- shows a rendering of how the game will look
- ignoring graphical effects that need to be computed at runtime, from the point of view of the main camera

Navigating the Scene Window



The scene view is what allows you to look around and move the visual assets you import into Unity. It's how you'll assemble your levels and place important things like lighting, trigger zones, audio, and much more. Being able to control the camera is important if you want to do anything at all with it.



Hand Tool (shortcut Q): drag around in the scene to pan your view. Holding down alt+drag will rotate the view, Ctrl.+drag will allow you to zoom. Does not move anything in the scene, just your point of view.

Translate Tool (shortcut X): active selection tool, enables to drag an object's axis handles in order to reposition it.

Rotate Tool (shortcut E): using handles to allow you to rotate an object around either of its axes.

Scale Tool (shortcut R): works the same as the previous two tools, allows scaling of an object.

basic game objects Unity can create without Importing external assets

- lights
- particle systems
- cameras
- 3D objects
- 2D objects
- Etc.



1. Game Object > 3D Object > Cube



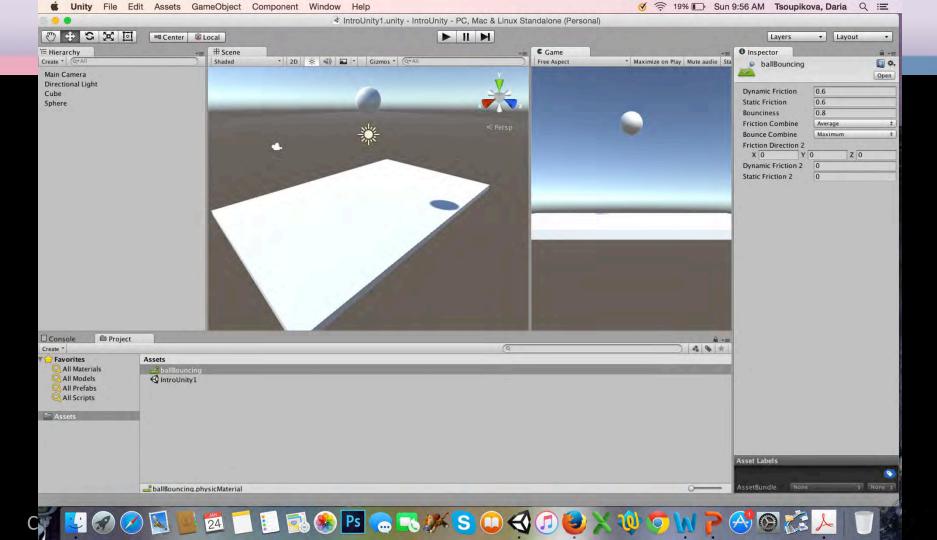
Scale: X: 25, Y: 1, Z: 25

Move camera a little back and point it downward to see the box

2. Game Object > 3D Object > Sphere Move and place it above the cube

Position: X: 0, Y: 2, Z: 0

Scale: X: 4, Y: 4, Z: 4



Scale: X: 25, Y: 1, Z: 25

Move camera a little back and point it downward to see the box

3. Assign the sphere a rigid body componentSelect the sphereComponent > Physics > Rigid Body

4. Preview the game



sphere should fall, but not bounce yet

5. Create a physic material, which will provide the material properties to make the game object bouncy

Asset > Create > Physics Material

6. Drag the new physics material from the Asset window onto the Sphere game object in the Hierarchy window or directly onto the sphere in the Scene window

7. In inspector adjust the parameters

Bounciness to 0.8 and Bounce Combine to Maximum

8. Preview the game the sphere should bounce similar to a rubber ball

9. experiment with different heights and different angles

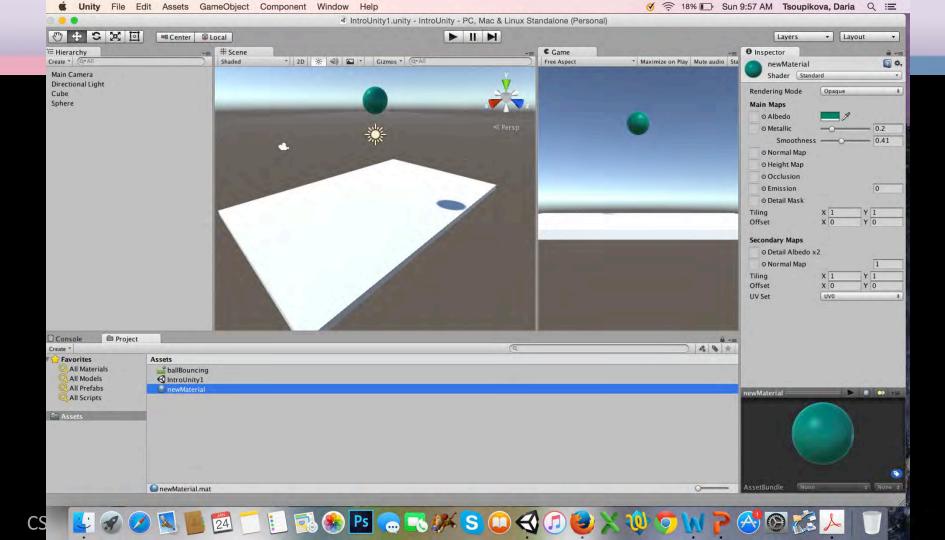
Materials

10. Assets > Create > Material

double click the color swatch next to Main color and choose a different color

tweak the material's properties by experimenting with different shaders from the shader drop-down menu in the Inspector window

11. Drag new material from the Project window onto the game object in the Hierarchy window



Textures

Textures should be in the following format to enable 'tiling' Square and the power of two

128 x 128

256 x 256

512 x 512

1024 x 1024

Shaders control the rendering characteristics of textured surface

Terrain

Unity's Terrain editor

- islands
- topographical landscapes
- Mountains
- And more

- 12. Create a new Scene "terrain" and save it
- 13. GameObject > 3D Object > Terrain



Terrain

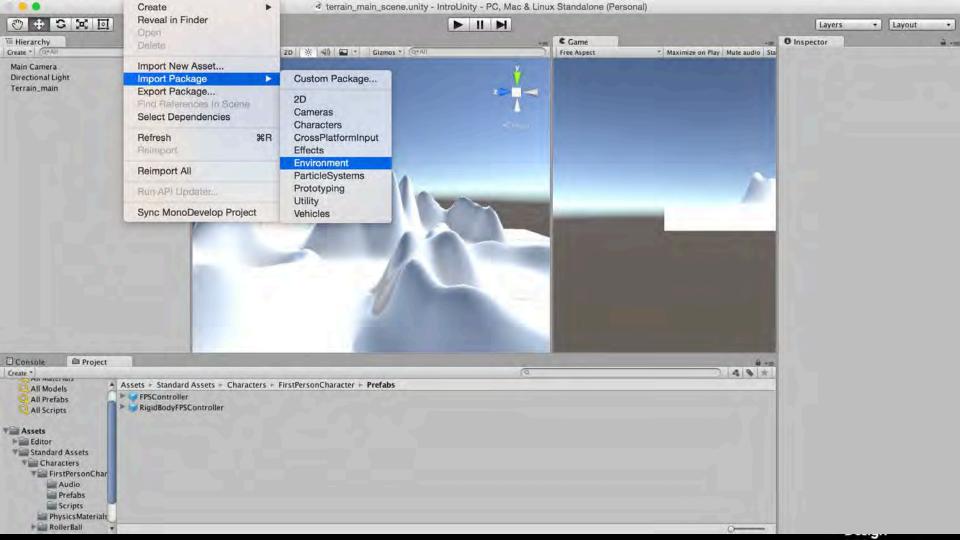
- 14. Change to top view
- the view manipulator icon in the Scene window's top right corner (top-isometric)

Zoom into the terrain (F key)

15. Select Raise/Lower Terrain tool in the Inspector window (make sure the Terrain is selected in the Hierarchy window) "draw" on the top view of the ground plane in the Scene window to create terrain topography

Terrain

- 16. Fine-tune brush size and opacity
- 17. Maximize the scene window to see the details of your terrain
- 18. Assets > Import Package > Environment



Terrain

Create terrain by selecting brush type, brush size and opacity Sculpt topology

Set maximum height and smooth corners

Textures loaded to paint texture onto terrain

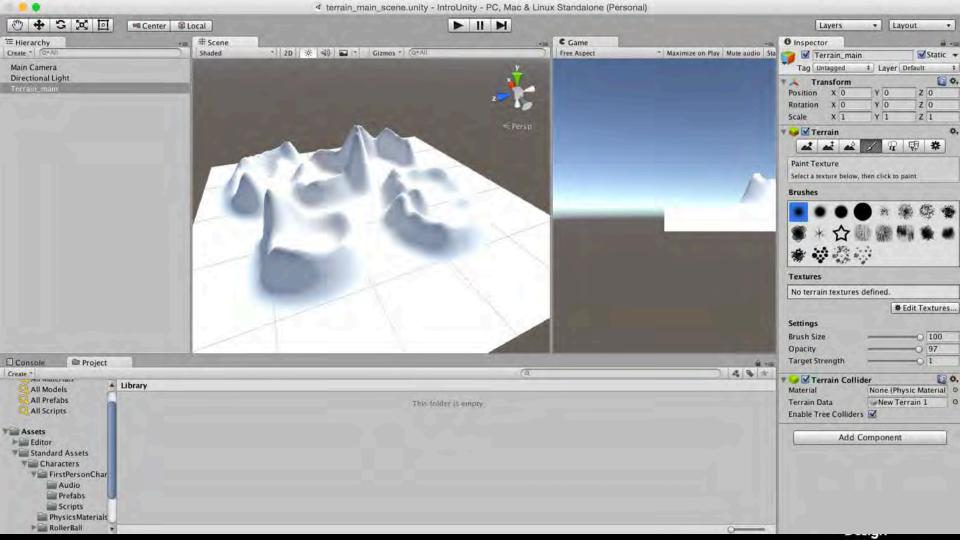
First texture acts as background, paint textures

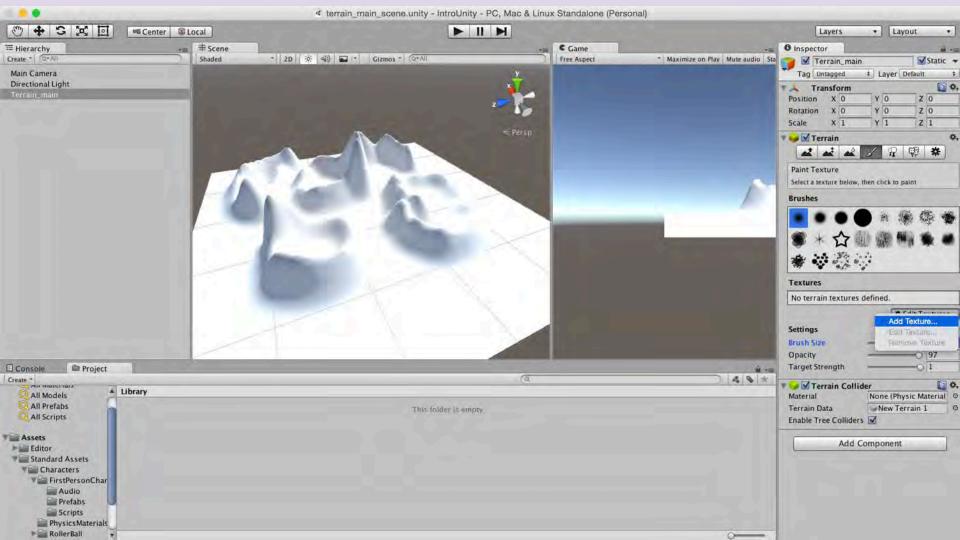
Paint on trees and grass.

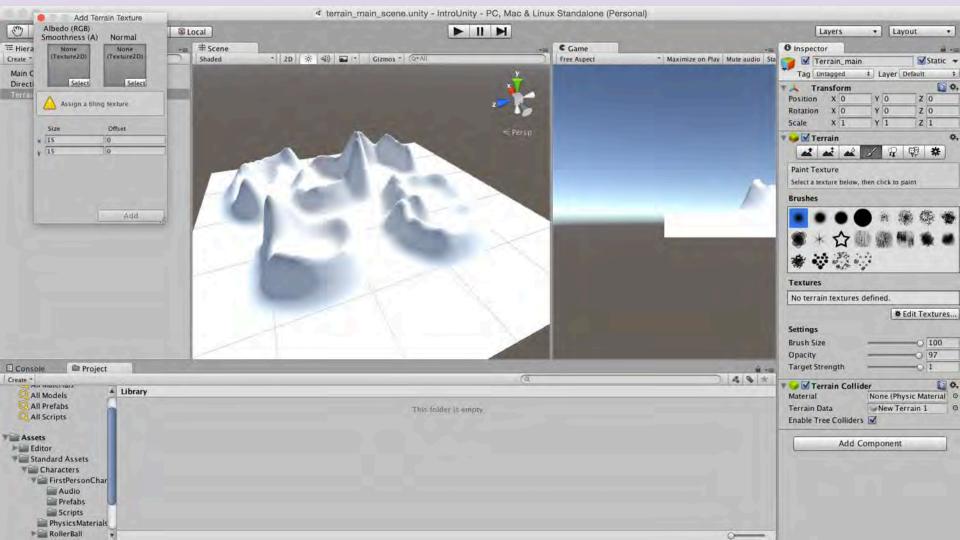
Terrain

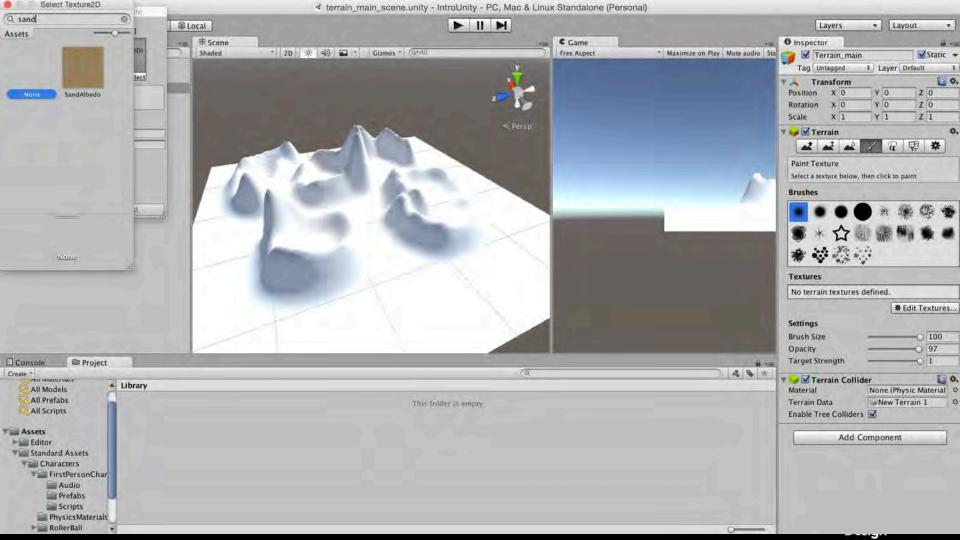
19. Paint the terrainSelect the Brush tool using Inspector window > Terrain

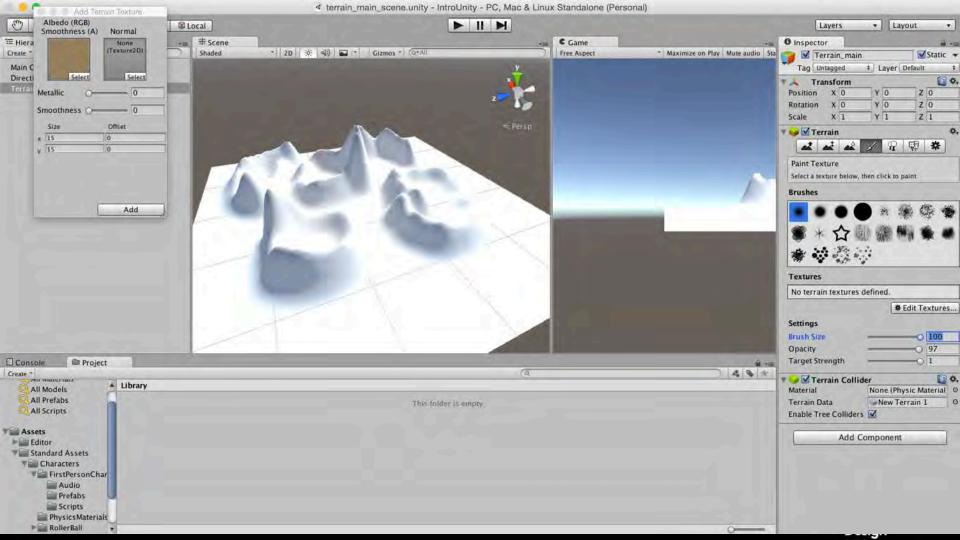
20. Add Texture
Add terrain texture
Search for "sand"

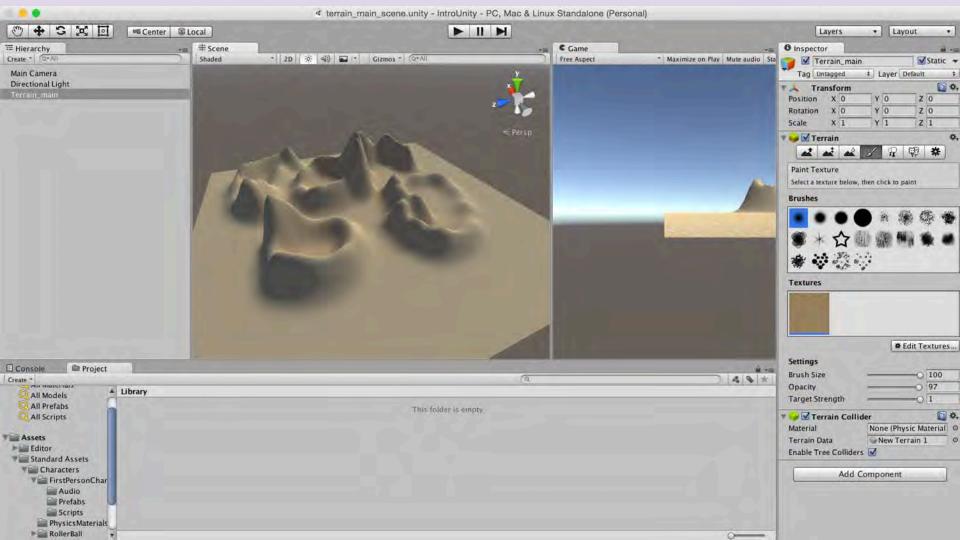


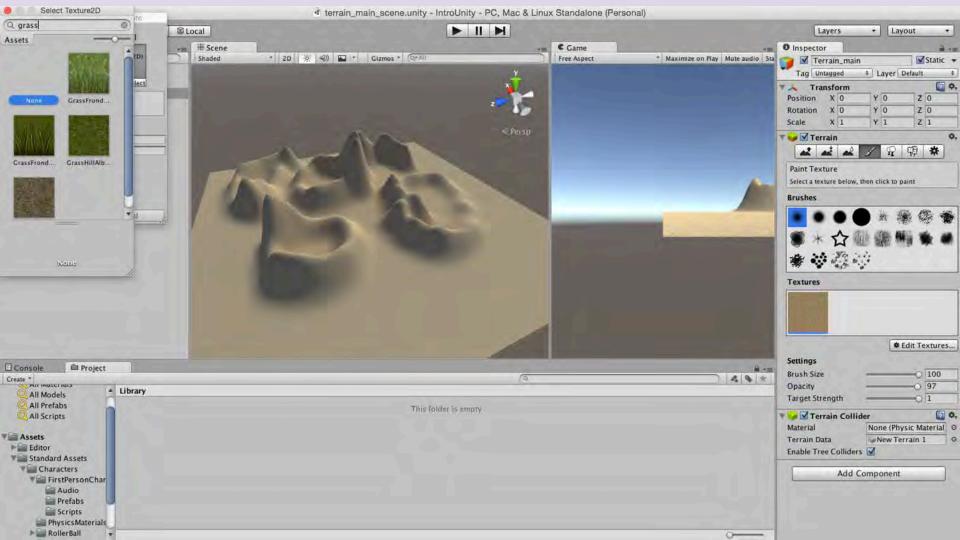


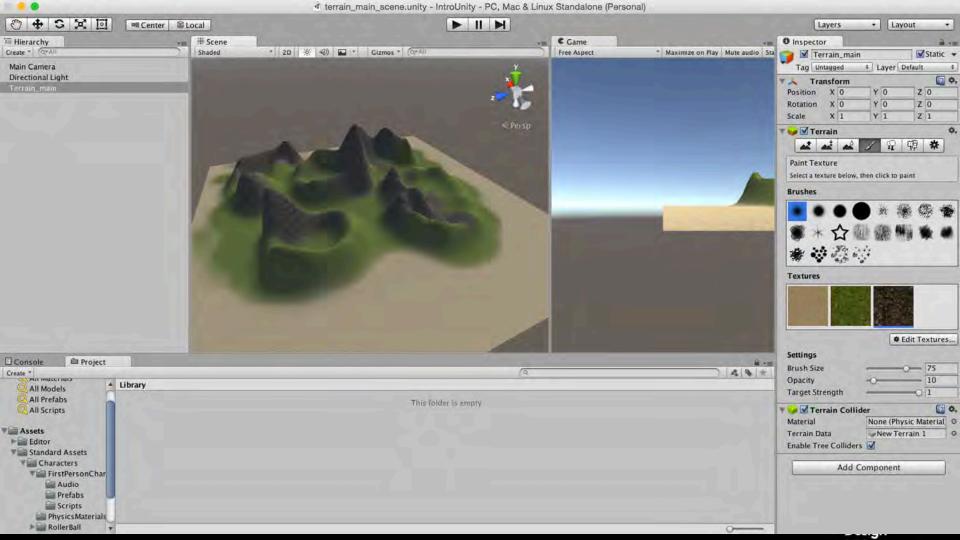


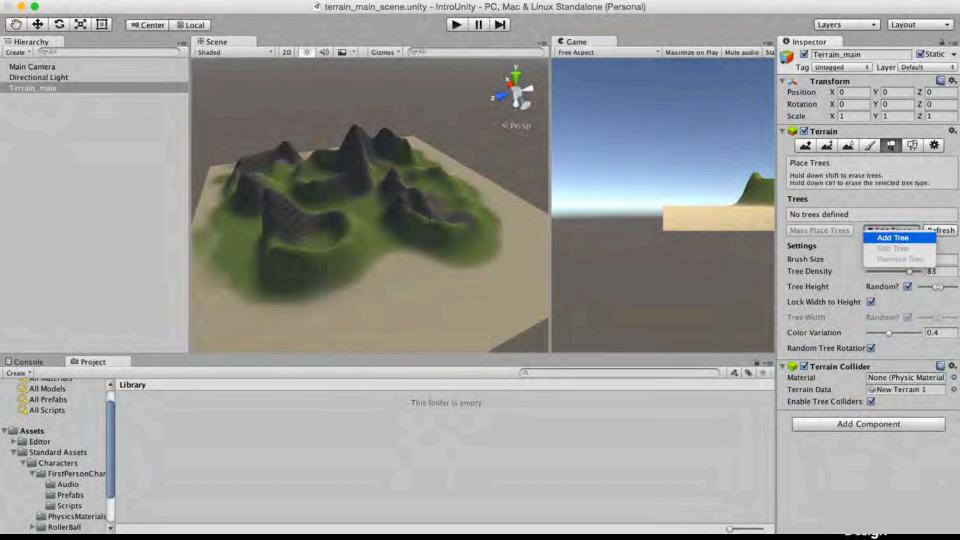


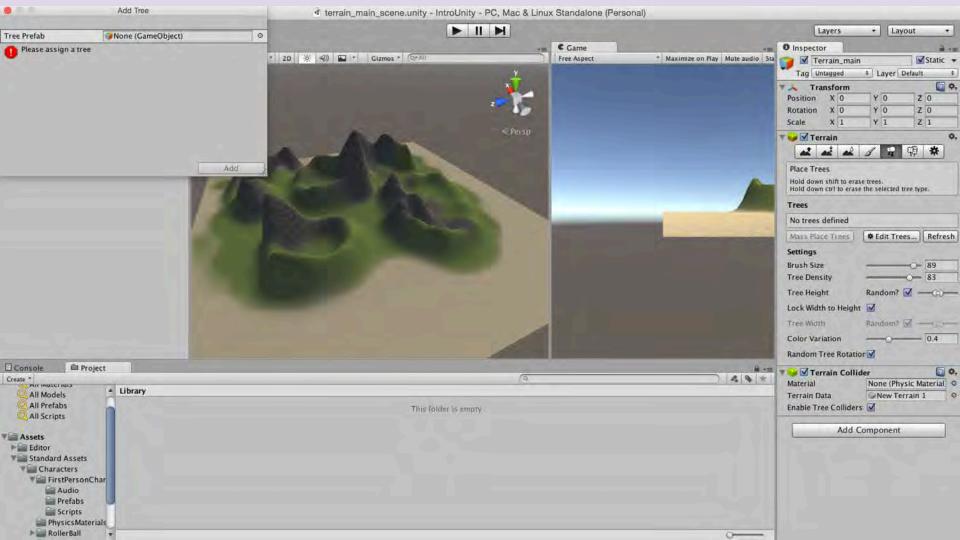


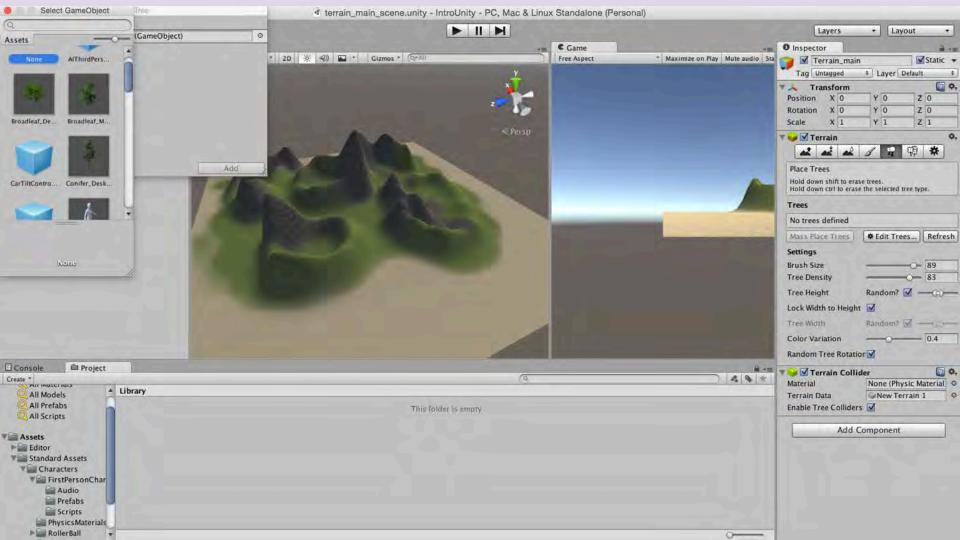


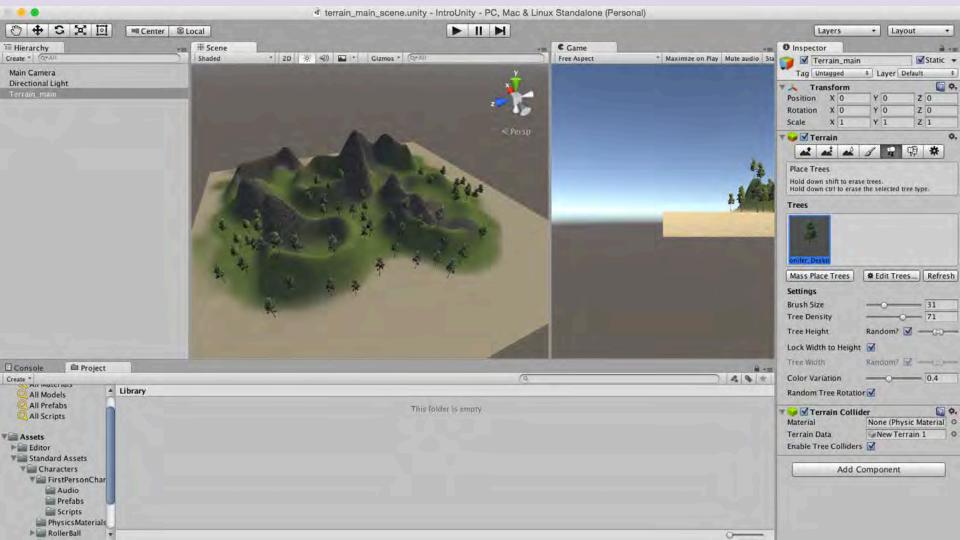












Prefabs

pre-fabricated objects

Prefabs store a game object together with its components (transforms, appearances, scripts, etc.) and configurations for easy duplication/reuse.

Unity makes it easy to move around a world interactively (either in a first person or third person perspective) using prefabs.

Prefabs

Object-oriented instances can be INSTANTIATED at run time

At <u>RUN TIME</u> a script can cause a new object instance to be created (instantiated) at a given location / with a given transform set of properties

Prefabs allow functional game objects to be reused in scenes (spawned) or imported into other projects as external assets. 'The First Person Controller' is an example of a Prefab

First Person Controller

20. Assets > Import Package > Characters

Project Window > Standard Assets folder FPS Character > Prefabs > FPSController drag the FPS Controller onto your scene delete the main camera Preview the game

explore the terrain / look around with your mouse move with WASD or the arrow keys / jump with the space bar



